

# Package: ordinalLBM (via r-universe)

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**Title** Co-Clustering of Ordinal Data via Latent Continuous Random Variables

**Version** 1.0

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**Description** It implements functions for simulation and estimation of the ordinal latent block model (OLBM), as described in Corneli, Bouveyron and Latouche (2019).

**Imports** reshape2, RColorBrewer

**Depends** R (>= 3.4.0)

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 6.1.0

**NeedsCompilation** no

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**Repository** <https://marcogenni.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/cran/ordinalLBM>

**RemoteRef** HEAD

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olbm

*Fitting OLBM to the data***Description**

It estimates the OLBM model parameters as well as the most likely posterior cluster assignments by maximum likelihood.

**Usage**

```
olbm(Y, Q, L, init = "kmeans", eps = 1e-04, it_max = 500,
      verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

Y	An M x P ordinal matrix, containing ordinal entries from 1 to K. Missing data are coded as zeros.
Q	The number of row clusters.
L	The number of column clusters.
init	A string specifying the initialisation type. It can be "kmeans" (the default) or "random" for a single random initialisation.
eps	When the difference between two consecutive values of the log-likelihood is smaller than eps, the M-EM algorithms will stop.
it_max	The maximum number of iterations that the M-EM algorithms will perform (although the minimum tolerance eps is not reached).
verbose	A boolean specifying whether extended information should be displayed or not (TRUE by default).

**Value**

It returns an S3 object of class "olbm" containing

estR	the estimated row cluster memberships.
estC	the estimated column cluster memberships.
likeli	the final value of the log-likelihood.
icl	the value of the ICL criterion.
Pi	the Q x L estimated connectivity matrix.
mu	a Q x L matrix containing the estimated means of the latent Gaussian distributions.
sd	a Q x L matrix containing the estimated standard deviations of the latent Gaussian distributions.
eta	a Q x L x K array whose entry (q,l,k) is the estimated probability that one user in the q-th row cluster assign the score k to one product in the l-th column cluster.

rho	the estimated row cluster proportions.
delta	the estimated column cluster proportions.
initR	the initial row cluster assignments provided to the C-EM algorithm.
initC	the initial column cluster assignments provided to the C-EM algorithm.
Y	the input ordinal matrix Y.
thresholds	the values (1.5, 2.5, ... , K-0.5) of the thresholds, defined inside the function olbm.

## References

Corneli M., Bouveyron C. and Latouche P. (2019) *Co-Clustering of ordinal data via latent continuous random variables and a classification EM algorithm*. (<https://hal.archives-ouvertes.fr/hal-01978174>)

## Examples

```
data(olbm_dat)
res <- olbm(olbm_dat$Y, Q=3, L=2)
```

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olbm_dat	<i>OLBM simulated data</i>
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## Description

It is a list containing i) an ordinal toy data matrix simulated according to OLBM and ii) the row/column cluster assignments. To see how the data are simulated, you can type "?simu.olbm" in the R console and look at "Examples".

## Usage

```
data(olbm_dat)
```

## Format

A list containing three items.

**Y** : an ordinal data matrix simulated according to OLBM.

**Rclus** : the actual row cluster assignments.

**Cclust** : the actual column cluster assignments.

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plot.olbm

*Plot OLBM*


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### Description

It plots the re-organized incidence matrix and/or the estimated Gaussian densities.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'olbm'
plot(x, type = "hist", ...)
```

### Arguments

x	The "olbm" object output of the function olbm.
type	A string specifying the type of plot to be produced. The currently supported values are "hist" and "incidence".
...	Additional parameters to pass to sub-functions.

### Examples

```
data(olbm_dat)
res <- olbm(olbm_dat$Y, Q=3, L=2)
plot(res, "hist")
plot(res, "incidence")
```

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simu.olbm

*Simulate OLBM data*


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### Description

It simulates an ordinal data matrix according to OLBM.

### Usage

```
simu.olbm(M, P, Pi, rho, delta, mu, sd, thresh)
```

### Arguments

M	The number of rows of the ordinal matrix Y.
P	The number of columns of the ordinal matrix Y.
Pi	A Q x L connectivity matrix to manage missing data (coded as zeros in Y).
rho	A vector of length Q, containing multinomial probabilities for row cluster assignments.

delta	A vector of length L, containing multinomial probabilities for column cluster assignments.
mu	A Q x L matrix containing the means of the latent Gaussian distributions.
sd	A Q x L matrix containing the standard deviations of the latent Gaussian distributions.
thresh	A K+1 vector containing the sorted thresholds used to simulate the ordinal entries in Y, where K is the number of ordinal modalities. The first entry in thresh must be -Inf, the last entry +Inf.

### Value

It returns a list containing:

Y	An M x P matrix. The observed ordinal entries are integers between 1 and K. Missing data are coded as zeros.
Rclus	A vector of length M containing the row cluster memberships.
Cclus	A vector of length P containing the column cluster memberships.

### References

Corneli M., Bouveyron C. and Latouche P. (2019) *Co-Clustering of ordinal data via latent continuous random variables and a classification EM algorithm*. (<https://hal.archives-ouvertes.fr/hal-01978174>)

### Examples

```
M <- 150
P <- 100
Q <- 3
L <- 2

## connectivity matrix
Pi <- matrix(.7, nrow = Q, ncol = L)
Pi[1,1] <- Pi[2,2] <- Pi[3,2] <- .5

## cluster memberships proportions
rho <- c(1/3, 1/3, 1/3)
delta <- c(1/2, 1/2)

# Thresholds
thresh <- c(-Inf, 2.37, 2.67, 3.18, 4.33, Inf) # K = 5

## Gaussian parameters
mu <- matrix(c(0, 3.4, 2.6, 0, 2.6, 3.4), nrow = Q, ncol = L)
sd <- matrix(c(1.2, 1.4, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.0), nrow = Q, ncol = L)

## Data simulation
dat <- simu.olbm(M, P, Pi, rho, delta, mu, sd, thresh)
```

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